

¹⁰It was Yahweh who wished to cause him to suffer by crushing him.

guilt-offering

Apparently

deliberate

ambiguity

If and when his soul makes a guilt-offering, and if and when **you** make his life a guilt-offering, he will see his offspring, he shall prolong his days, and the pleasure of Yahweh will flourish in his hand.

 The Servant offers Himself as a sacrifice, and you must receive it The Servant becomes the administrator of the will of God The Servant takes joy in the good results of His work 	God makes the Servant to be a sacrifice for sin. The Servant offers himself as a sacrifice for sin. And you — the individual who hears the news – must receive the sacrifice. 'You' also must make him a guilt-offering. When all of this happens 'he will see his offspring'. That is, sons and daughters for Yahweh come into being. The people who receive the Servant of God (the Lord Jesus Christ as it turned out) become the children of God. And 'he shall prolong his days'; his life continues despite his death! And 'the pleasure of Yahweh will flourish in his hand'. The Servant, once dead but subsequently alive, becomes the administrator of the will of God. Verse 11 goes on to expand various aspects of what has already been said. ¹¹ Because of the toil of his soul, he will be satisfied with what he sees; by his knowledge the righteous one, my servant, will provide righteousness for many, and he himself will bear their iniquities.
• He provides righteousness for all who will receive it	The Servant himself takes joy in the good results of his work of sin-bearing. By his 'know-how', his knowledge of what God demands and what is needed, he provides righteousness for all who will receive it. He is the righteous one, so the righteousness he provides is evidently his righteousness. It comes because he has carried away their sins by his death.
4. The obedi- ent Servant is given God's people as his reward	4. The obedient Servant is given God's people as his reward. ¹² Therefore I will allocate to him the many, and the strong he will allocate as spoil. For he poured out his life unto death, and let himself be numbered with the rebels. For he bore the sin of many, and made intercession for the transgressors.
God gives the Servant the many Authority is His reward	God (who is the speaker in verse 12) gives the Servant 'the many' – those who have become God's people by their faith in God's Servant. Among them are 'the strong' (the kings already mentioned in 52:14–15). The Servant is now the King over all kings and disposes of them as he wishes. His authority is his reward for (i) his self-sacrifice, (ii) his willingness to become one

uthority is his reward for (i) his self-sacrifice, (ii) his willingness to become one with sinners, (iii) his death as a sin-bearer, (iv) his faithfulness in intercession.

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